
Safe Documentation

Release 0.2

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Is your password safe? **Safe** will check the password strength for you.

How it works

Safe will check if the password has a simple pattern, for instance:

1. password is in the order on your QWERT keyboards.
2. password is simple alphabet step by step, such as: abcd, 1357

Safe will check if the password is a common used password. Many thanks to Mark Burnett for the great work on [10000 Top Passwords](#).

Safe will check if the password has mixed number, alphabet, marks.

Installation

Install Safe with pip:

```
$ pip install Safe
```

If pip is not available, try easy_install:

```
$ easy_install Safe
```

Usage

It's very simple to check the strength of a password:

```
>>> import safe
>>> safe.safety(1)
terrible
>>> safe.safety('password')
simple
>>> safe.safety('is.safe')
medium
>>> safe.safety('x*V-92Ba')
strong
>>> strength = safe.safety('x*V-92Ba')
>>> bool(strength)
True
>>> repr(strength)
'strong'
>>> str(strength)
'password is perfect'
>>> strength.valid
True
>>> strength.strength
'strong'
>>> strength.message
'good password'
```

Environ Variables

1. **PYTHON_SAFE_WORDS_CACHE**: cache words in this file, default is a tempfile
2. **PYTHON_SAFE_WORDS_FILE**: words vocabulary file, default is the 10k top passwords

Other Implementations

1. **JavaScript:** [lepture/safe.js](#)

Developer Guide

Here is the API reference for safe.

`safe.safety(raw, length=4, freq=0)`

Check the safety level of the password.

Parameters

- **raw** – raw text password.
- **length** – minimal length of the password.

`class safe.Strength(valid, strength, message)`

Measure the strength of a password.

Here are some common usages of strength:

```
>>> strength = Strength(True, 'strong', 'password is perfect')
>>> bool(strength)
True
>>> repr(strength)
'strong'
>>> str(strength)
'password is perfect'
```

Parameters

- **valid** – if the password is valid to use
- **strength** – the strength level of the password
- **message** – a message related to the password

`safe.is_asdf(raw)`

If the password is in the order on keyboard.

`safe.is_by_step(raw)`

If the password is alphabet step by step.

`safe.is_common_password(raw, freq=0)`

If the password is common used.

10k top passwords: <https://xato.net/passwords/more-top-worst-passwords/>

Changelog

Here is the full history of safe.

7.1 Version 0.2

Released on Jul 24, 2014

1. Typo and bugfix
2. API changes in *Strength*
3. Remove threading
4. Add environment variable

7.2 Version 0.1

First preview release.

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